

## Legal Consequences

If a student continues to truant after all less restrictive interventions have been tried, the matter will be referred to the Washington County Attorney's Office to determine what action should occur. The student and their parents can be petitioned to court as a child in need of protection or services based on truancy. The judge has the authority to order a variety of consequences or dispositions affecting both the student and parents.

- A child may lose their driving privileges until he or she is 18 years old.
- A child can be placed on probation.
- A child can be ordered to undergo evaluation and treatment for chemical dependency or mental health issues.
- A child can be assigned community work service hours.
- A child can be put on home detention and cannot leave the residence unless at school or with a parent.
- A child can be removed from their home and placed in shelter, foster care, or a residential facility.
- A child's cell phone, computer, or any other electronic devices can be removed from their possession.
- A parent can be ordered to take their child to school at the beginning of each school day.
- A parent can be ordered to receive services.
- The court can impose any other services or activities that it deems appropriate.

## Tips to Improve School Attendance

- Tell your children that their education is important to you.
- Have a set bedtime and morning routine that includes breakfast.
- Communicate with the school; make sure you know the school's attendance policy and advocate for your child at school.
- Set the expectation that your children complete their homework every day.
- Help you child with their school work or find someone who can.
- Buy your child an alarm clock.
- Do not enable your child's illegal behavior by calling the school to cover for their unexcused absence.
- If your child does not want to attend, ask why and help them resolve the barriers.
- Set clear expectations for the child and follow through.
- Establish a set curfew.
- Seek out help for any issues that may be interfering with his/her attending school, such as mental health, chemical health or peer issues.



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## A Guide to Truancy Diversion Services in Washington County

Community Services  
Phone: 651-430-6523  
Fax: 651-430-8340



County Attorney  
Phone: 651-430-6115

[www.co.washington.mn.us](http://www.co.washington.mn.us)

## School Attendance: It's the Law

Minnesota State Statute requires that children attend school. **Truancy is a violation of Minnesota state law.** The parents, school, and community are all partners in working toward the goal of school attendance and educational success.

Education is as essential as food, clothing and shelter in a child's life. Parents should send their children to school to improve the children's quality of life.

The law also mandates that parents compel their children to attend school. Children cannot independently "drop out" of school. Truancy and poor attendance are the primary reason students fail to graduate on time.

The most far reaching consequences for truancy are not the court sanctions. Children who do not attend school are more likely to become involved in delinquent and ultimately criminal behaviors. These young people are severely limiting their opportunities and truancy can be the beginning of a lifetime of problems.



## Definitions

### Continuing Truant:

Three unexcused absences on three or more days

### Habitual Truant:

One or more unexcused absences on seven or more days

A student is required to attend school each and every day and each and every class period. If they miss a school day or part of the day, for legitimate reasons, a parent or guardian must notify the school.

### Excused Absences:

Family emergency  
Medical or mental health appointments  
Religious holidays  
Sickness (a doctor note may be required)

### Unexcused Absences:

Babysitting  
Weather  
Child is not immunized  
Employment  
Missing the bus  
Need for sleep or rest  
Not in assigned location while at school

## Responsibility of the School

- Provide a program/schedule that meets the students educational needs.
- Address problems identified as barriers to the child's ability to attend and learn.
- Maintain accurate attendance records and document communication with the parents/guardians and students about attendance.

## Attendance Intervention Meeting (AIM)

The law is "designed to provide a continuum of intervention and services to support families and children in school and in combating truancy."

AIM stands for Attendance Intervention Meeting. This is the first step of progressive intervention and services offered to support families and children in keeping children in school and combating truancy.

At **3-5 unexcused absences**, the school will notify the parent or guardian that the child is a "continuing truant". Students and parents will also receive an invitation from the County Attorney's Office to attend an Attendance Intervention Meeting (AIM).

## Diversion

If the child has **7 unexcused absences**, they are then considered "**habitually truant**." The school is required to report the student to Washington County after 7-10 unexcused absences.

Washington County arranges a formal meeting between the school, parents, and child. This meeting occurs in lieu of court, in final efforts to compel the child to attend school. An attendance contract is established with the child and he or she is placed under supervision to attend school. Significant consequences can occur at this level and appropriate service referrals are made.